

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, DURGAPUR
QUESTION BANK & REVISION SHEET FOR PERIODIC ASSESSMENT II (2018-19)
CLASS- VII

HISTORY

WHEN WHERE AND HOW

1. Which period of Indian history is called as Medieval period?
2. What are inscriptions? How are they useful to us?
3. What are the difficulties the historians face in using manuscripts? What are manuscripts?
4. The foreign accounts have been very useful to the readers-how explain with examples?
5. How has geography played a vital role in learning history?
6. How coins are useful to the historians?
7. What were the subjects of the Medieval paintings?
8. Name the Chinese emperor in whose court Marco Polo and visited South India?
9. What was the name of Babur's autobiography?
10. Name some mosques in India during Medieval period?

NEW KINGS AND KINGDOMS.

1. Name the famous Kanada work of Amoghvarsha.
2. Who founded the Turkish rule in India?
3. Name the four Rajput clans who established kingdoms on the ruins of Pratihara's kingdom.
4. Name the three dynasties of peninsular India in the early medieval period.
5. Who was Mahmud of Ghazni? Why did he attack India? What was he been called?
6. Write a short note on the Tripartite struggle.
7. What do you know about the origins of the Rajputs?
8. What were the achievements in the navy of Rajendra Chola?
9. What was the capital of Paramaras?
10. Who broke free from Gurjara-Pratihara and established Chauhan dynasty?

THE DELHI SULTANATE

1. What is the main source of information for the Tughlaq dynasty?
2. Who invited Babur to invade India?
3. Why did Muhammad Bin Tughlaq introduce bronze coins?
4. Who founded the Slave dynasty? What was this dynasty also known as? Why was the dynasty called slave dynasty?
5. Who was called as Lakhbaksh?
6. Write a short note on IQTAS ?
7. Describe the administration of Ala-ud-din Khalji.
8. What do we mean when we say the Balban ruled with iron and blood?
9. How many taxes were levied by the Delhi Sultans?
10. What was the impact of the Mongol invasion on the Delhi sultanate?
11. What measures were taken by Balban to check the nobles?
12. Why was Muhammad-bin -Tughlaq known as a whimsical ruler? Why his shifting of capital

failed?

13. What steps did Al-ud-din Khalji take to strengthen his army?
14. Why Timur invaded India?
15. When did Babur defeat Ibrahim Lodi?

DEMOCRACY

1. What is Democracy?
2. Is it important to have democracy in the country ?
3. Why is the popular representation of justice a blindfolded lady? Think and justify your answer.
4. How is a republic and a democracy different?
5. In what way is Indian secularism different from other democratic country?
6. How does equality and justice work together?
7. What is the importance of separation of powers?
8. Differentiate between the totalitarian and democratic government.
9. How does a democracy of
10. Analyze the limits of democracy in the modern world.
11. What right should be provided to the Indian citizens to protest against the governments action?
12. How can you say that the success of the democracy depends on the participation of the citizens?
13. What do you know about the Law of Twelve Tables? Where and when was it passed?
14. When was the Constitution of USA formed? What does the Bill of Rights say?
15. From where does the concept of Indian democracy comes?

INSTITUTIONAL REPRESENTATION OF DEMOCRACY

1. 'The right to vote was not always a universal right'-explain with examples.
2. What is a constituency. What are some constituencies reserved in India?
3. What is a coalition government.
4. Differentiate between absolute majority and simple majority.
5. Is China a democratic country? How does their system of government differs from India's government?
6. What is the difference between a bye-election and a mid-term election.
7. What are elections?
8. How many Election Commissioners are in the Election Commission?
9. Name any four political parties in India.
10. What is a constituency. What are some constituencies reserved in India?
11. State the requirements for the fair elections.
12. What does the word Franchise mean?
13. What is the name given when all the different parties meet together?
14. What are the different types of election? Explain them.
15. Which qualities are needed for making Indian democracy more stronger?

Syllabus for the Periodic Assessment-II

History

- 1. WHEN WHERE AND HOW**
- 2. NEW KINGS AND KINGDOMS.**
- 3. THE DELHI SULTANATE**

Civics

- 1. DEMOCRACY**
- 2. INSTITUTIONAL REPRESENTATION OF DEMOCRACY**