

**TOPIC- THE STORY OF PALAMPUR**

- Q 1 What is the aim of production ?
- Q 2. How have the various activities been classified into sectors?
- Q 3. What are the four requirements of production ?
- Q 4 How is land fixed in the village palampur ?
- Q 5 . “Human Resource is an indispensable factor of production “ Justify.
- Q 6 Suggest non- farming activities which can enhance the production of rural area?
- Q 7. What are the different crops grown in the Indian villages during different seasons ?
- Q 8 How are the villagers able to grow more than one crop in palampur ?
- Q 9 . In which state was the modern farming methods tried out first by the farmers? State any two features of modern farming methods.
- Q 10. How modern methods have over used the natural resources and violated the resources ?
- Q 11 . How do small farmers obtain capital for farming? What is its consequence?
- Q 12. State four steps of optimal utilization of land ?
- Q 13 . How can one grow more than one crop o the same piece of land ? Explain?
- Q 14 . What are the sources of irrigation in Palampur?
- Q 15 . Distinguish between labour force and work force.

**TOPIC – PEOPLE AS RESOURCE**

- Q 1 . Explain the importance of ‘People as resource’
- Q 2 . Define human capital formation. Explain any four benefits of investment in human capital.
- Q 3 . What are the differences between economic and non-economic activities ?
- Q.4 : “Non-market activities can be converted into market activities if they paid for”-Justify this statement.
- Q 5 . Highlight the steps taken by the government to improve the literacy level in India.

Q 6 .What type of unemployment is found in rural India? How can this problem be solved? Explain.

Q 7 . Why is educated unemployed ,a peculiar problem of India?

Q 8. Explain any three ways through which a large population considered as liability be turned into a productive asset?

Q 9 . Explain the role of health in capital formation.

Q 10 . How does unemployment have a detrimental impact on the overall growth of an economy?

Q 11. Distinguish between disguised and seasonal unemployment ?

Q 12. Can you suggest some measures in the educated system to mitigate the problem of the educated unemployed ?

Q.13What type of unemployment is found in rural India? How can this problem be solved? Explain

Q 14 . What are the strategies that the government has undertaken to reduce unemployment?

Q.15. In what ways is the government helping human capital formation by its educational initiatives ?

### **SYLLABUS OF PERIODIC ASSESSMENT-II**

- 1.THE STORY OF VILLAGE PALAMPUR
2. PEOPLE AS RESOURCE